1. Progressive Movement – a time in American history that tried to solve the many problems caused by the Industrial (Gilded) Age.
2. Assembly Line – a process started by **Henry Ford** to make cars faster and cheaper. This was picked up by other industrialists and greatly increased industrial production.
3. Initiative – when the people create a law with a petition
4. Referendum – when people vote for an initiative; they either pass it or shoot it down
5. Recall – when a politician is forced to run for re-election by the people
6. 16th amendment – created a **federal graduated income tax**
7. 17th amendment – resulted in the direct election of senators
8. Suffrage – right to vote
9. Suffragette – woman who fought for the right to vote
10. 19th amendment – gave women the right to vote
11. Temperance – choosing not to drink alcohol
12. Prohibition – a time in American history when drinking and selling alcohol was banned
13. 18th amendment – created **Prohibition**
14. 21st amendment – ended **Prohibition**
15. Jacob Riis – a photographer who took pictures of the terrible conditions in the cities to encourage people to change and do something about it.
16. Thomas Nast – a artist who made political cartoons to describe the political corruption and other injustices in US society.
17. Muckrakers – journalists during the progressive era who wrote articles exposing the bad things in society.
18. Upton Sinclair – a **muckraker** who wrote ***The Jungle*** to expose the terrible conditions in the meat-packing industry.
19. ***The Jungle*** *–*  a book written by **Upton Sinclair** exposing the terrible conditions in the meat-packing industry. Led to the passage of the **Pure Food and Drug Act**.
20. Ida Tarbell – Muckraker who helped bring down John D. Rockefeller and his Standard Oil Company
21. Theodore Roosevelt – first progressive presidents who was known as the **Trust-Buster** and for his **conservation** efforts.
22. Monopoly/Trust – when one business has control of an entire industry
23. Hepburn Act – this law strengthened the Interstate Commerce Act and the Interstate Commerce Commission
24. Meat Inspection Act – law that regulated the meat industry in the United States
25. Pure Food and Drug Act – inspired by *The Jungle*, this law called for the regulation of the food industry and medicine industry.
26. Conservation – attempting to preserve and protect nature
27. William Howard Taft – became president after Theodore Roosevelt but disappointed Roosevelt because he was not progressive enough
28. Tariff – a tax on import; it helps American businesses but hurts American consumers
29. Payne-Aldrich Tariff– raised tariffs on foreign businesses; it was passed under **William Howard Taft** and made **Theodore Roosevelt** extremely mad.
30. Woodrow Wilson – became president after William Howard Taft; he was very progressive and helped pass the **Federal Reserve Act**.
31. Underwood Tariff – this law lowered tariffs and was seen as progressive
32. Federal Reserve System – an organization created during the Progressive Era to regulate the economy and attempt to prevent future depressions by regulating the amount of money in circulation. Created by the **Federal Reserve Act.**
33. Federal Trade Commission – an organization established by Woodrow Wilson to monitor and regulate businesses and financial institutions (banks) to make sure they were playing fair.
34. Clayton Antitrust Act – this law was created to strengthen the Sherman Antitrust Act