Essential Questions (Answer 3)

1. Compare and Contrast the conditions and outcomes of the French Revolution with the Russian Revolution.
2. How did the communist revolutions in Russia and China differ from Marx’s vision? Who supported the revolutions in these countries? Why?
3. How does a totalitarian state consolidate power within their country? Use examples from Russia and China.
4. How do international conflicts lead to domestic change (e.g. revolution and civil war)?

Academic Vocabulary

1. Censorship
2. Collectivization (of agriculture)
3. Communism
4. Counter-Revolutionaries
5. Democracy
6. Dictatorship
7. Economic vs. Political
8. Famine
9. Ideology
10. Imperialists
11. Industrial(ism)(ization)
12. Intellectuals
13. Leninism
14. Liberalism
15. Maoism
16. Marxism
17. Monarchy
18. Peasants
19. Propaganda
20. Purge
21. Redistribution of Wealth
22. Revitalize
23. Scarcity
24. Socialism
25. Stalinism
26. Totalitarian

Content Vocabulary

1. Bolshevik Revolution
2. Bolsheviks
3. Chiang Kai-Shek
4. Czar
5. Czarina Alexandra
6. Five-Year Plans
7. Great Purge
8. Joseph Stalin
9. Kuomintang
10. Leon Trotsky
11. Long March
12. Mao Zedong
13. Nationalists (China)
14. New Economic Plan (NEP)
15. Nicholas II
16. November Revolution
17. People’s Liberation Army (PLA)
18. Rasputin
19. Russian Civil War
20. Russian Revolution
21. Soviet Union (USSR)
22. Sun Yat Sen
23. The Reds
24. The Whites
25. Treaty of Brest-Litovsk
26. Vladimir Lenin

Important Dates

**Jan. 9/10** – Welcome Back!

**Jan. 18/19** – Vocab. Test on all vocabulary words.

**Jan. 24/25** – Essential questions due

**Jan. 24/25** – Unit 7 Test

Objectives

1b. Compare and contrast the ideologies and practices of communism, socialism, liberalism, fascism, nationalism, and imperialism.

1c. Analyze the different governmental systems of countries in Europe, Asia, and the Americas in terms of the main factors that contributed to their rise and fall.

2c. Describe the nature of the transitions from one governmental form to another.

3c. Analyze the causes, effects, and unique features of World War I in terms of the changes in diplomatic relationships among the various countries involved.